

RECOMMENDED USAGE RESTRICTIONS FOR PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS ON SOUTHERN AFRICAN EXPORT CITRUS

Compiled by:

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The purpose of these restrictions is to ensure compliance with residue tolerances in the countries to which Southern African citrus is exported. The recommendations on container labels are based on the **current registrations** of plant protection products. In terms of the SA Act 36 of 1947 (and equivalent legislation in neighbouring countries) the registration requirements must be adhered to at all times. However, the requirements of importing countries have made it necessary to introduce **further restrictions** in order to comply with maximum residue limits.

The active ingredients of the products are listed alphabetically together with an illustrative brand name. In the case of commodity products which may be sold under different brand names only a single name is shown for convenience. This does not imply endorsement of the particular brand concerned.

Due to the multiple fruit set pattern of lemons, plant protection products may only be used as specified during the first spring **blossoming and fruit set** period. Special caution should be exercised to ensure that pesticides applied to protect later sets do not result in unacceptable residues in fruit remaining on the trees from earlier sets.

The following general statements are applicable to the use of plant protection products on all cultivars:

- * Growers should ensure that these restrictions are kept handy and are consulted before the application of plant protection products.
- * The application in accordance with current label requirements will in many instances not ensure that export requirements will be met. The restrictions specified are applicable in addition to the label requirements.
- * The withholding periods specified on product labels provide an indication of the ability of treatments to conform to South African residue levels. Since overseas requirements are generally more stringent these withholding periods are not adequate unless specifically mentioned in this document.
- * These restrictions apply to the period during which fruit is present on trees (between blossom and harvest) and not to the period between harvest and the onset of blossom, during which time standard label requirements apply.
- * All usages apply to normal blossom situations. Under conditions where blossoming occurs over an extended period a more conservative approach must be adopted. Under these conditions treatments should be timed according to the early portion of the blossom.
- * Particular attention must be given to ensuring that spray machinery is calibrated to apply the correct spray volumes in relation to tree size and that spray operators are trained in the handling and application of plant protection products.
- * All treatments referred to above must be applied at the registered concentrations.
- * Alternation of products, where applicable with reference to the restrictions, will reduce the risk of excessive residues of any one chemical and will also reduce selection pressure for resistance.
- * The additional restrictions in this document do not necessarily provide an indication of the compatibility of the products with integrated pest management and good agricultural practice.
- * The addition of oil to a treatment, if not registered as such, should be avoided as this may increase the residue level.

All exporting growers should keep accurate spray records so that in the event of exceeding MRLs the reasons can be determined. These records should be retained in safe-keeping for at least 3 years.

Growers are strongly urged to abide by these restrictions to minimise the risk of residue tolerances being exceeded. However, it must be noted that no absolute guarantee can be given that even by following these guidelines export residue tolerances will in all instances not be exceeded. The efficacy and integrated pest management compatibility of plant protection products listed here are additional considerations that users should bear in mind and which are not covered in this document whatsoever. This document has been compiled with information presently available and in good faith, but with the express condition that the authors, Citrus Research International and Citrus Growers Association of Southern Africa, accept no responsibility whatsoever for any loss or damage resulting directly or indirectly from the use thereof.

SUMMARY TABLE OF RECOMMENDED USAGE RESTRICTIONS

PRODUCT	All markets (including EU) except where other restrictions are specified	CODEX (A) ^a	CODEX (B) ^b	CANADA	U S A	JAPAN	Other ^d
Acetamiprid/ Mospilan	150d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	Korea: 150d PHI as registered for Soft Citrus and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus. Taiwan: 150d PHI as registered for oranges and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus
Acrinathrin/ Rufast	Not later than 90% petal fall	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aldicarb/ Temik	Not permitted in SA. For other southern African countries: 180d PHI	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amitraz/ Mitac	Not later than 90% petal fall	-	-	150d PHI	-	28d PHI as registered	-
Avermectin/ Agrimec	7d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Azadirachtin	See Pyrethrins	-	-	-	-	-	-
Azinphos-methyl/ Gusathion	Not later than 90% petal fall	120d PHI	120d PHI	21d PHI as registered	-	-	Korea: 21d PHI for soft citrus and 120d PHI for oranges, grapefruit and lemons. GSO: 120d PHI
Azoxystrobin/ Ortiva	77d PHI as registered on grapefruit, oranges and soft citrus, and 14d as registered on lemons	-	-	- ^P	- ^P	-	-
Bacillus thuringiensis/ Dipel	0d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beauveria bassiana/ BroadBand	0d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bromopropylate/ Acarol	Not later than 90% petal fall	21d PHI	21d PHI	21d PHI	-	21d PHI	GSO: 21d PHI
Buprofezin/ Applaud	Not later than mid- October for oranges and grapefruit and not later than 90% petal fall for lemons and soft citrus	45d PHI as registered	45d PHI as registered	45d PHI as registered	45d PHI as registered	45d PHI as registered	45d PHI as registered
Cadusaphos/ Rugby	0d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carbendazim (Bavistin, Bendazid, Knowin, Benomyl, Spotless)	120d PHI for oranges and grapefruit and 90d PHI for other citrus	90d PHI for oranges and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus	14d PHI as registered	14d PHI as registered	Not later than 90% petal fall	14d PHI as registered	Korea: 90d PHI for soft citrus and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus. GSO: 90d PHI for oranges and 14d PHI as registered for other citrus. Thailand: Not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus

PRODUCT	All markets (including EU) except where other restrictions are specified	CODEX (A) ^a	CODEX (B) ^b	CANADA	U S A	JAPAN	Other ^d
Chlorfenapyr/ Hunter	Medium cover spray: Before calyx closure (\pm 3 weeks after petal fall) as registered. Bait spray application (30ml): Not later than mid-December and a 140d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chlorpyrifos/ Dursban	60d PHI for sprays as registered, 0d PHI for soil and stem applications as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chlorantraniliprole (Rynaxypyr)/ Coragen	7d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	7d PHI as registered. Not later than 90% petal fall for mandarins.	Norway: see note g.
Clothianidin/ Dantop	120d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Copper	14d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cyantraniliprole / Exirel	7d PHI as registered for foliar applications and 1d PHI as registered for bait sprays	Not later than 90% petal fall	-	-	-	-	Taiwan: Not later than 90% petal fall
Cyhexatin (Azocyclotin)/ Sipcatin	Only to be used after harvest and before the onset of blossom	-	-	-	Not permitted	Not permitted	Taiwan and Thailand: Not permitted
Cypermethrin	28d PHI as registered	-	-	-	28d PHI as registered for alpha and zeta-Cypermethrin formulations. Not later than 90% petal fall for Cypermethrin ^c	-	-
Dichlorprop/ Corasil E	Not later than 90% petal fall	-	150d PHI as registered	-	-	150d PHI as registered	-
Dichlorprop-p/ Corasil P	90d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dicofol/ Kelthane	Not later than 90% petal fall	14d PHI	14d PHI Russia: Not later than 90% petal fall.	14d PHI	14d PHI	14d PHI	Korea: Not later than 90% petal fall for soft citrus and 28d PHI for other citrus. Taiwan: 28d PHI

PRODUCT	All markets (including EU) except where other restrictions are specified	CODEX (A) ^a	CODEX (B) ^b	CANADA	U S A	JAPAN	Other ^d
Difenoconazole/ Score	Not later than 90% petal fall as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dimethoate/ Rogor	Not later than 50% petal fall for sprays, Not later than white bud stage for soil applications	-	-	42d PHI as registered	42d PHI as registered	42d PHI as registered	GSO: 42d PHI as registered
Dimethyl Didecylammonium Chloride/ Sporekill	Not permitted post-harvest. 160d PHI pre-harvest	Not permitted	Pre-harvest and post-harvest as registered	Not permitted post-harvest. 160d PHI pre-harvest	Pre-harvest only	Not permitted ^k	-
Dithiocarbamates (Mancozeb/Maneb)	21d PHI or 28d PHI as registered	Not later than 90% petal fall for Lemons and Grapefruit and 21d or 28d PHI as registered for Soft Citrus and Oranges	-	Not later than end December and only where packhouses have either a non-recycling high pressure spray or non-recycling Deccosol foam curtain and regular (twice daily) cleaning of brushes	Not later than 90% petal fall for Oranges, Lemons and Grapefruit and 21d or 28d PHI as registered for Soft Citrus	Not later than end-January	Thailand: Not later than end of January. GSO: Not later than end of January for oranges and not later than end December and only where packhouses have either a non-recycling high pressure spray or non-recycling Deccosol foam curtain and regular (twice daily) cleaning of brushes for grapefruit, lemons and soft citrus. Korea and India: Not later than end December and only where packhouses have either a non-recycling high pressure spray or non-recycling Deccosol foam curtain and regular (twice daily) cleaning of brushes
(E)-8-Dodecen-1-yl acetate + (Z)-8-Dodecen-1-yl acetate/ Checkmate	0d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Emamectin Benzoate/ Warlock	14d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Endosulfan/ Thiodan ^h	Not permitted in SA ^h . Not later than 90% petal fall in other southern African countries	- ^h	28d PHI ^h	- ^h	- ^h	28d PHI ^h	- ^h
Ethephon/ Ethrel	Not permitted	-	As registered	As registered	-	Post harvest use not permitted	-
Ethoprophos/ MOCAP	0d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Etoxazole/ Smite	28d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-

PRODUCT	All markets (including EU) except where other restrictions are specified	CODEX (A) ^a	CODEX (B) ^b	CANADA	U S A	JAPAN	Other ^d
Fenamiphos/ Nemacur	150d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fenazaquin	56d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fenbutatin-oxide/ Torque	7d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fenpropathrin/ Meothrin	28d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fenpropathrin + Phenthoate/ Meothrin + Elsan	Not later than 90% petal fall	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fenpyroximate/ Mitigate	28d PHI as registered ^j	-	-	-	-	-	Korea: 28d PHI as registered for soft citrus, 150d PHI and not later than end-October for other citrus
Fipronil/ Regent	Before calyx closure (\pm 3 weeks after petal fall) as registered	-	-	-	-	-	Taiwan: Not later than 90% petal fall
Fluopyram / Velum	120 d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Flutriafol/ Impact	Not later than 90% petal fall as registered	Not later than 90% petal fall	-	-	Not later than 90% petal fall	Not later than 90% petal fall	Korea and Taiwan: Not later than 90% petal fall
Formetanate/ Dicarzol	90d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fosetyl-Al/Aliette	0d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fludioxonil/ Teacher	Post-harvest as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fosthiazate/ Nemathorin	43d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furfural/ Crop Guard	43d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gibberellic Acid	15d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Granulovirus (Cryptogran, Cryptex)	0d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guazatine	Not Permitted	Post-harvest as registered	Post-harvest as registered	-	-	-	GSO: Post-harvest as registered
Helicoverpa armigera nucleopolyhedrovirus/ Helicovir	0d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Imazalil (Chloramizol)	Post-harvest as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-

PRODUCT	All markets (including EU) except where other restrictions are specified	CODEX (A) ^a	CODEX (B) ^b	CANADA	U S A	JAPAN	Other ^d
Imidacloprid/ Confidor	212d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	212d PHI as registered for oranges, grapefruit and lemons, and not later than 90% petal fall for soft citrus	Taiwan: 212d PHI as registered for oranges and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus
Iprodione/ Rovral (Dicarboxamil)	115d PHI as registered for lemons and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus	Not later than 90% petal fall	115d PHI as registered	-	Not later than 90% petal fall	-	GSO, Switzerland and Taiwan: Not later than 90% petal fall Korea: 115d PHI as registered for soft citrus and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus ^m .
Isazophos/ Miral	56d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kresoxim-methyl/ Strobry	56d PHI for Grapefruit & Oranges. Not later than 90% petal fall for Lemons & Soft Citrus	-	56d PHI	Not later than 90% petal fall	Not later than 90% petal fall	56d PHI	Not later than 90% petal fall
Mercaptothion/ Malathion (fruit fly baiting only)	Only dilute concentration, do not use higher concentrations. 7d PHI ^L	-	-	14d PHI	-	-	Korea and Switzerland: 28d PHI
Metalaxyl M/ Ridomil Gold	30d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Methamidophos/ Citrimet	60d PHI	-	21d PHI as registered	21d PHI as registered	-	21d PHI as registered	Korea: 21d PHI as registered
Methidathion/ Ultracide	No later than 90% petal fall	56d PHI as registered	56d PHI as registered	56d PHI as registered	56d PHI as registered (No later than 90% petal fall) ^f	56d PHI as registered	Korea: Not later than 90% petal fall for oranges, grapefruit & lemons and 56d PHI as registered for soft citrus. GSO: 56d PHI as registered
Methiocarb/ Mesuroil	21d PHI as registered	Not later than the end of January	-	-	Not later than the end of January	Not later than the end of January	Korea: 21d PHI as registered for mandarins and not later than the end of January for others. Taiwan: Not later than 90% petal fall. GSO: Not later than the end of January
Methomyl (Thiodicarb) / Lannate	60d PHI for all registered usages	28d PHI for all registered usages	28d PHI for all registered usages	28d PHI for all registered usages	28d PHI for all registered usages	28d PHI for all registered usages	GSO: 28d PHI for all registered usages
Methoxyfenozide / Runner	30d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Methyl-parathion / Pennacap	Not later than 50% petal fall	-	-	-	-	-	-

PRODUCT	All markets (including EU) except where other restrictions are specified	CODEX (A) ^a	CODEX (B) ^b	CANADA	U S A	JAPAN	Other ^d
Mevinphos	28d PHI	-	3d PHI as registered	3d PHI as registered	-	-	Korea: 3d PHI as registered
Monocrotophos/ Azodrin	Not for use in SA; 90d PHI in other southern African countries	-	-	-	-	-	-
Orange Oil/ Pre-vam	0d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Omethoate/ Folimat	Apply no more than once in a season, not later than beginning of December and ensure at least a 150d PHI	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paecilomyces lilacinus/ PL+	0d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parathion/ Parathion	Not later than 50% petal fall	-	-	Not later than 4 weeks after petal fall	-	Not later than 4 weeks after petal fall	-
Permethrin/ Last Call	0d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Phenthoate/ Elsan	Not later than 50% petal fall	-	-	-	-	-	-
Phosphorous acid	0d PHI, 14d PHI or 28d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pirimicarb/ Aphox	14d PHI as registered	-	-	Not later than 90% petal fall	Not later than 90% petal fall	Not later than 90% petal fall	Switzerland, Singapore, Vietnam: Not later than 90% petal fall. South Korea: Not later than 90% for lemons, grapefruit and mandarins, and 14d PHI as registered for oranges.
Prochloraz	Not permitted	Post-harvest as registered	Post-harvest as registered	-	-	-	Korea: Not permitted on lemons.
Profenofos/ Selecron	Between blossom and harvest, use Selecron only once and not more than 100m ^l /100 ^l water at not later than 50% petal fall ^Y	-	-	-	-	-	-
Propargite/ Omite	14d PHI as registered for oranges and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus	14d PHI as registered	14d PHI as registered	14d PHI as registered	14d PHI as registered	14d PHI as registered	14d PHI as registered
Propiconazole / Propicure	Post-harvest as registered	Post-harvest as registered for oranges. Not permitted for other citrus	-	-	-	-	Not permitted for Hong Kong, India, Vietnam, GSO countries. Taiwan: Post-harvest as registered for oranges, lemons and grapefruit and not permitted on Mandarins

PRODUCT	All markets (including EU) except where other restrictions are specified	CODEX (A) ^a	CODEX (B) ^b	CANADA	U S A	JAPAN	Other ^d
Prothiofos/ Tokuthion	Between blossom and harvest, Prothiofos should be used only once and not later than 90% petal fall	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pyraclostrobin/ Cabrio	45d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	Taiwan: Not later than 90% petal fall for Soft citrus and 45d PHI for other citrus
Pyrethrin (incl natural Pyrethrum) / Erador	2d PHI as registered	Not later than 90% petal fall	Not later than 90% petal fall	2d PHI as registered for oranges and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus	2d PHI as registered for oranges and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus	-	Taiwan: Not later than 90% petal fall
Pyrimethanil / Philabuster	Post-harvest as registered. Do not use in HOT water bath.	Post-harvest as registered. Do not use in HOT water bath and not recommended for wax application.	-	-	-	-	Korea and Taiwan: Post-harvest as registered. Do not use in HOT water bath and not recommended for wax application.
Pyriproxyfen/ Nemesis	90d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	Switzerland: 120d PHI Taiwan: 90d PHI as registered for oranges and soft citrus and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus. Korea: 90d PHI on soft citrus and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus
Sodium ortho-phenylphenol	Post-harvest as registered	-	-	-	-	-	Taiwan: Not permitted on soft citrus
Spinetoram/ Delegate	7d PHI as registered	7d PHI as registered for oranges and 14d PHI for other citrus	-	-	-	-	-
Spinosad/ (Tracer/GF120)	1d PHI as registered for fruit fly baiting (GF120), but 28d PHI for other applications (Tracer)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spirodiclofen/ Envidor	14d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spirotetramat/ Movento	60d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	Taiwan: Not later than 90% petal fall for oranges and soft citrus and 60d PHI for grapefruit and lemons.

PRODUCT	All markets (including EU) except where other restrictions are specified	CODEX (A) ^a	CODEX (B) ^b	CANADA	U S A	JAPAN	Other ^d
Sulfoxaflor (Isoclast) / Closer	21d PHI as registered	Not later than 90% petal fall for Grapefruit and 21d PHI for other citrus	-	-	-	-	Korea: Not later than 90% petal fall for lemons and grapefruit and 21d PHI as registered for oranges and mandarins
Sulphur	0d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tartar emetic/ Tartox	30d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tau-fluvalinate/ Klartan	Not later than mid-November as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tebuconazole/ Folicur	Not later than 90% petal fall as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Teflubenzuron/ Nomolt	30d PHI for oranges and lemons and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus	-	30d PHI as registered	Not later than 90% petal fall	30d PHI for oranges and grapefruit and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus	30d PHI as registered	Korea: 30d PHI on soft citrus and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus
Temephos/ Abate	200d PHI	-	-	-	-	-	-
Terbufos/ (AC92-100, Counter)	30d PHI as registered and not to be used between December and 1 April	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tetradifon/ Tedion	Not later than 90% petal fall	-	15d PHI	15d PHI	Not Permitted	15d PHI	Switzerland: Not later than 90% petal fall. Korea: 15d PHI
Thiabendazole	Post-harvest as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thiacloprid/ Calypso	No later than 3 weeks after petal-fall	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thiophanate-methyl/ Topsin	Not later than 90% petal fall	-	14d PHI as registered	14d PHI as registered	Not later than 90% petal fall	14d PHI as registered	-
Trichlorfon/ Dipterox	28d PHI as registered	-	10d PHI as registered	-	-	-	Korea: 10d PHI as registered for Soft Citrus and 28d PHI for other citrus
Trifloxystrobin/ Flint	76d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	Taiwan: Not later than 90% petal fall for soft citrus and 76d PHI as registered for other citrus
Triflumuron/ Alsystin	Not later than 90% petal fall for lemons and 30d PHI as registered for other citrus	Not later than 90% petal fall	30d PHI as registered	60d PHI	Not permitted	Not later than 90% petal fall	China, Taiwan Switzerland and Korea: Not later than 90% petal fall

PRODUCT	All markets (including EU) except where other restrictions are specified	CODEX (A) ^a	CODEX (B) ^b	CANADA	U S A	JAPAN	Other ^d
2,4-D	Post-harvest: Not more than 250ppm in a packhouse treatment and not more than 250ppm in a pre-degreening drench. Pre-harvest: 7d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	Pre-harvest as registered	Korea: Not permitted on oranges, soft citrus and grapefruit
3,5,6 TPA / Maxim	120d PHI as registered	-	-	-	-	-	-

PHI = Pre-harvest interval. - = as for “all markets”, that is no additional restrictions apply.



SUMMARY TABLE OF RESIDUE TOLERANCES

Chemical	RSA	General export tolerance	Codex	Canada	USA	Japan	Korea
Acetamiprid	0.5	0.5	1.0	0.5	1.0	2.0	2.0 ¹³
Acrinathrin	None ⁿ	0.02	None	0.1	None	2.0	1.0 ¹³
Aldicarb	0.2 (0.02 ⁿ)	0.02	0.2	0.1	None	0.2, 0.01 ¹⁶	0.02 ¹³
Amitraz	0.2	0.05	0.5 ⁷	0.1	None	0.5, 0.9 ⁷	0.2 ¹³
Avermectin	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01 (0.1) ^e	0.02 ¹³
Azadirachtin	None	0.01	None	0.1	Exempt	Exempt	None
Azinphos-methyl	2.0	0.05	1.0	2.0	None	0.01	1.0, 2.0 ¹³
Azoxystrobin	0.5	0.5	15.0	15.0	15.0	10.0, 1.0 ¹³	10.0
Bacillus thuringiensis	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
Bromopropylate	3.0	0.01	2.0	2.0	None	2.0	2.0 ⁷ , 5.0
Buprofezin	0.05	0.01	1.0	0.1 ¹⁹ , 4.0	2.5	2.0 ⁷ , 2.5 ¹¹	0.3 ¹³
Cadusafos	0.05	0.01	None	0.1	None	0.01	None
Carbendazim	5.0	0.2 ^{7,19} , 0.7 ^{13,20}	1.0 ⁷	10.0	None	7.0 ^{19,20} , 3.0 ¹¹	1.0 ⁷ , 3.0 ^{19,20} , 5.0 ¹³
Chinomethionat	0.5	0.01	None	0.1	None	0.7	0.5
Chlorfenapyr	0.01	0.01	None	0.1	0.01	2.0, 0.3 ¹³	1.0 ¹³
Chlorantraniliprole	0.5	0.5 (0.01) ⁹	0.7	0.7	1.4	0.5 (0.7) ^u	1.0 ¹³ 0.6 ⁶
Chlorpyrifos	0.3	0.15	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Clothianidin	0.01	0.01	0.07 ^{US1}	0.1	0.4	2.0	1.0 ¹³
Copper	20.0	20.0	None	50.0	Exempt	Exempt	None
Cyantraniliprole	1.0 ⁿ	0.9	None	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Cyhexatin (Azocytotin)	2.0	0.01, 0.2 ⁷	0.2	0.1	Not permitted	Not permitted	2.0, 1.0 ¹³
Cypermethrin	0.2	0.2	0.3	1.0	None, 0.35 ^c	2.0	2.0
Dichlorprop	None	0.3	None	0.1	None	0.2	0.01
Dicofol	5.0	0.02	5.0	5.0	6.0	5.0	1.0 ⁶
Difenoconazole	0.05	0.05	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.6 ⁶ , 0.01 ¹³	0.6 ⁶ , 1.0 ¹³
Dimethoate	2.0	0.01	5.0	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.0
Dimethyl Didecyl ammonium Chloride	6.0 ⁿ	0.1	None	0.1	Exempt	Not permitted ^k	None
Dithiocarbamate	3.0	3.0	2.0 ⁷ , 10.0 ¹³	0.1	None ¹¹ , 10.0 ¹³	2.0 ¹¹ , 10.0 ¹³	0.01
(E)-8-Dodecen-1-yl acetate + (Z)-8-Dodecen-1-yl acetate	None	None	None	None	Exempt	None	None
Emamectin Benzoate	0.01	0.01	None	None	None	None	0.05 ¹³
Endosulfan ^h	1.0 ^h (0.05 ⁿ)	0.05	None	0.1	None	0.5	0.1 ^{19,20} , None ^{7,13}
Ethephon	2.0	0.05	None	1.0	None	2.0	2.0 ²⁰ , 0.5 ¹³
Ethoprophos	0.05	0.02	0.02	0.1	None	0.005	None
Etoxazole	0.2 ⁿ	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1 ⁶	0.7, 0.5 ¹³	0.5 ¹³
Fenamiphos	0.05	0.02	0.05	0.1	None	0.2	0.5 ⁶
Fenazaquin	0.05	0.05	None	0.1	0.5 ¹¹ , None ¹⁹	0.01	0.7 ¹³
Fenbutatin-oxide (Hexakis)	1.0	1.0	5.0	2.0	20.0	5.0	5.0
Fenpropathrin	0.5	0.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	5.0	2.0
Fenpyroximate	0.2 ⁿ	0.2 ^j	0.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.5 ¹³
Fipronil	0.05	0.005	None	0.1	None	0.01	0.05 ¹³
Fludioxonil	10.0 ⁿ	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Fluopyram	0.01	0.01	None	1.0	1.0	1.0	None
Flutriafol	0.1	0.01	None	0.1	None	0.01	None

Chemical	RSA	General export tolerance	Codex	Canada	USA	Japan	Korea
Formetanate	0.5	0.01	None	4.0	1.5 ^{7,19} , 0.6 ²⁰ , 0.03 ¹⁰	4.0	None
Fosetyl-Al	15.0 (50.0 ⁿ)	15.0	None	9.0	None	150.0 (75.0) ^{JA}	None
Fosthiazate	0.1	0.02	None	0.1	None	0.01	None
Furfural	1.0 ⁿ	1.0	None	None	None	None	None
Gibberellic Acid	0.2	0.2	None	0.1	Exempt	0.2	None
Granulovirus	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
Guazatine	5.0	0.05	5.0	0.1	None	None	5.0
Helicoverpa armigera nucleopolyhedrovirus	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
Imazalil (Chloramizol)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	10.0	5.0	5.0
Imidacloprid	0.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.7 ⁶ , 0.3 ¹³	0.7
Iprodione	1.0	1.0 ²⁰ , 0.01 ¹¹	None	0.1	None	10.0	2.0 ¹³
Isazophos	0.02	0.01	None	0.1	None	0.01	None
Kresoxim-methyl	0.5	0.01, 0.5 ^{7,19}	0.5 ^{7,19}	0.1	None	10.0, 5.0 ¹³	2.0 ¹³
Mercaptothion	4.0	2.0	7.0	0.1	8.0	7.0	None
Metalaxyl M (Mefenoxam)	0.5	0.5	5.0	5.0	1.0	0.7	None
Methamidophos	0.2	0.01	None	0.1	None	1.0	0.2 ¹³ , 0.5
Methidathion	2.0	0.02	2.0	2.0	4.0 ⁶ , 6.0 ¹⁰ (0.02) ^f	5.0	0.01
Methiocarb	0.1	0.1	None	0.1	None	0.05	0.05 ⁶ , 0.5 ¹³
Methomyl (Thiodicarb)	0.2	0.01	1.0	1.0	2.0	10.0	0.7 ¹³ , 1.0
Methoxyfenozide	0.5 ⁿ	0.5	2.0	10.0	3.0	0.7	3.0
Methyl-parathion	1.0	0.01	None	0.1	None	0.2	None
Mevinphos	0.1	0.01	None	0.2	None	0.01	0.2
Monocrotophos	Not permitted	Not permitted on SA fruit; 0.01 on fruit from other Sthn African countries	None	0.1	None	0.2	0.2
Orange Oil	Exempt	None	None	None	None	Exempt	None
Omethoate	2.0	0.01	None	0.1	None	1.0	0.2 ¹³ , 0.01 ⁶
Parathion	0.5	0.05	None	1.0	None	0.5	None
Permethrin	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.1	None	5.0	0.5
Phenthoate	1.0	0.01	None	0.1	None	2.0 ²⁰ , 5.0 ¹¹	1.0
Phosphorous acid	50.0	15.0	None	0.1	Exempt	150	None
Pirimicarb	0.5	0.5	3.0	0.1	None	0.05	0.05 ¹¹ , 0.5 ⁷
Paecilomyces lilacinus	None	None	None	None	None	0.01	None
Prochloraz	2.0	0.01	10.0	0.1	None	10.0 ¹¹ , 5.0 ⁷	1.0 ¹³ , 10.0
Procymidone	0.2	0.01	None	0.1	None	0.1	None
Profenofos	1.0	0.01	None	0.1	None	0.05 (0.01) ^s	None
Propargite	2.0	0.01, 4.0 ⁷	3.0	5.0	5.0 ^{19,20} , 10.0 ⁷	3.0	5.0
Propiconazole	6.0 ⁿ	9.0 ⁷ , 5.0	9.0 ⁷	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Prothiofos	0.05	0.01	None	0.1	None	0.1	0.2 ¹³
Pyraclostrobin	0.5 ⁿ	0.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	2.0
Pyrethrins (incl Pyrethrum)	1.0	1.0	0.05	1.0 ²	1.0 ²	1.0	1.0
Pyrimethanil	8.0 (10.0) ⁿ	8.0	7.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	7.0
Pyriproxyfen	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7 ¹³

Chemical	RSA	General export tolerance	Codex	Canada	USA	Japan	Korea
SOPP	10.0	5.0 (10.0) EU1	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Spinetoram	0.05	0.05	0.07 ⁷	0.3	0.3	0.1 ¹³ , 0.7	0.05
Spinosad	0.05	0.05	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1 ¹³
Spirodiclofen	0.01 (0.1 ⁿ)	0.01	0.4	0.5	0.5	2.0	0.4
Spirotetramat	0.4 ⁿ	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.5
Sulfoxaflor	0.3 ⁿ	0.15 ¹⁹ , 0.3	0.15 ¹⁹ , 0.4 ²⁰ , 0.8 ^{7, 13}	0.7	0.7	None	0.7 ⁷ , 1.0 ¹³
Sulphur	50.0	50.0	None	Exempt	Exempt	Exempt	None
Tartar emetic (Antimony)	3.0	1.0	None	0.1	None	0.01	None
Tau-Fluvalinate	1.0	0.4	None	0.1	None	2.0	None
Tebuconazole	0.02	0.02	None	0.1 ¹¹ , 1.0 ^{7,13}	None ¹¹ , 1.0 ⁷	5.0 ⁶ , 0.01 ¹³	2.0 ¹³
Teflubenzuron	0.5	0.01, 0.5 ^{7, 20}	None	0.1 ^{11,19,20} , 0.6 ⁷	0.01 ¹¹ , 0.6 ⁷ , 0.8 ¹⁹	1.0	0.7 ¹³
Temephos	1.0	0.01	None	0.1	None	0.01	None
Terbufos	0.1	0.01	None	0.1	None	0.005	None
Tetradifon	5.0	0.01	None	2.0	None	3.0	2.0, 3.0 ¹³
Thiabendazole	6.0	6.0	7.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Thiacloprid	None	0.01	None	0.1	None	0.01	0.3 ¹³
Thiophanate-Methyl	5.0	0.01	None	10.0	None	7.0 ^{19,20} , 3.0 ¹¹	None
Trichlorfon	0.1	0.01	None	0.1	None	0.1	0.1 ¹³
Trifloxystrobin	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5
Triflumuron	0.5	0.05 ²⁰ , 0.5 ¹¹	None	0.1	None	0.02	0.05
2,4-D	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	0.15
3,5,6 TPA/Trichlopyr	0.1	0.01	None	0.1	None	0.1	0.1 ¹³

"None" = no MRL, therefore fruit must be free of detectable residue. However, in the case of CODEX countries additional options may apply – refer to notes.

SUMMARY TABLE OF CHANGES EFFECTIVE FROM THIS EDITION

Active	Country	Previous MRL	New MRL	PHI Changes
2,4-D	South Korea	0.15	0.15, 1.0 ²⁰	Korea: Not permitted on oranges, soft citrus and grapefruit
Buprofezin	EU	0.05	0.01	Not later than mid- October for oranges and grapefruit and not later than 90% petal fall for lemons and soft citrus
Carbendazim	South Korea	1.0 ⁷ , 3.0 ^{19,20} , 5.0 ¹³	5.0 ¹³	90d PHI on soft citrus and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus
Chlorpyrifos	EU	0.2 ²⁰ , 0.3	0.15	No change
Cyantraniliprole	All			See table above
Dichlorprop	Japan	3.0	0.2	No change
Dichlorprop	South Korea	None	0.01	No change
Dimethoate	EU	0.02	0.01	No change
Dithiocarbamates	South Korea	2.0 ^{7,19,20} , 5.0 ¹³	0.01	Not later than end December and only where packhouses have either a non-recycling high pressure spray or non-recycling Deccosol foam curtain and regular (twice daily) cleaning of brushes
Fosetyl-AI	South Korea	None	0.05 ⁷	No change
Mercaptothion	South Korea	None	0.01	28d PHI
Metalaxyl M	South Korea	None	0.01	No change
Methamidophos	South Korea	0.5	0.2 ¹³ , 0.5	No change
Methidathion	South Korea	None ⁶ , 5.0 ¹³	0.01	No change

Prochloraz	EU	10.0	0.01	Not permitted
Propargite	EU	0.01	0.01, 4.0 ⁷	14d PHI as registered for oranges and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus
Propiconazole	Japan	0.05	8.0	Post-harvest as registered
Pyriproxyfen	South Korea	None	0.7 ¹³	90d PHI on soft citrus and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus
Tau-Fluvalinate	EU	0.1	0.4	No change
Teflubenzuron	EU	0.01	0.01, 0.5 ^{7, 20}	30d PHI for oranges and lemons and not later than 90% petal fall for other citrus
Thiabendazole	EU	5.0	7.0	Post-harvest as registered

NOTES

Numerical Superscripts:

- 1 fruit without peel/pulp
- 2 just oranges
- 3 exocarp of summer oranges
- 4 fruit (except exocarp of summer oranges)
- 5 just peel
- 6 except mandarin oranges
- 7 Oranges, sweet, sour
- 8 Citrus pulp, dried
- 9 Whole fruit
- 10 Clementines, mandarins
- 11 Other citrus
- 12 Except summer oranges
- 13 Mandarins
- 14 Pulp juice
- 15 No specific crop
- 16 Summer orange and mandarins
- 17 Summer orange, pulp and peel
- 18 Summer orange, pulp
- 19 Only grapefruit
- 20 Only lemons
- 21 mandarins, limes and lemons
- 22 grapefruit, oranges and pommelos.

“None” = no MRL, therefore fruit must be free of detectable residue. However, in the case of CODEX countries additional options may apply – refer to notes.

Alphabetical Superscripts:

a = CODEX (A): See Regions and Country Groupings Table below.

b = CODEX (B): See Regions and Country Groupings Table below.

c = USA has a MRL on citrus for Alpha- Cypermethrin (10mg/kg) and Zeta-Cypermethrin (0.35mg/kg) but none for Cypermethrin, which means only Alpha and Zeta-Cypermethrin formulations are suitable for the USA. WTO notification NUSA2698A1 and G/SPS/N/USA/2976 indicates the USA proposes to reduce the Alpha-Cypermethrin MRL for citrus to 0.35mg/kg.

d = Reference to “Citrus Fruits” in Taiwan MRL legislation should be interpreted as “oranges only” but “Citrus” refers to all citrus types.

e = Japan has proposed a higher MRL of 0.1mg/kg (G/SPS/N/JPN/477).

EU1 = The Commission have published their intention to increase the SOPP MRL to 10.0 mg/kg (G/SPS/N/EU/217)

f = Methidathion MRLs in the US will be revoked on the 31/12/2016.

g = Norway has a new Chlorantraniliprole (Rynaxypyr) MRL of 0.01mg/kg. A PHI of not later than 90% petal fall applies.

h = From 30st April 2012 all Endosulfan uses in South Africa will be prohibited by the Registrar of Act 36 of 1947

i = Canada have proposed a 4.0mg/kg MRL for oranges (Notification G/SPS/N/CAN/999)

j = EU have effectively withdrawn a proposed reduction in the EU Fenpyroximate MRL which will likely apply from early in 2017 (G/SPS/N/EU/170).

JA = Japan have notified that the Fosetyl MRL will be reduce to 75.0 mg/kg for all citrus types (G/SPS/N/JPN/531).

k = Pending decision by Japanese authorities regarding the use of disinfectants.

l = See CRI Production Guideline for appropriate application techniques.

n = This active has obtained RSA usage authorization and a provisional MRL. Notification to establish permanent MRLs was sent out for comment (Gazette No 40772. No 334 on 7th April 2017).

q = Gulf states that subscribe to the Gulf Standards Organization (GSO) MRL include UAE, Kingdom of Bahrain, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Sultanate of Oman, State of Kuwait and Republic of Yemen. The GSO has published an 2,4-D MRL of 0.05 mg/kg.

s = Japan have notified of their intention to change the Profenofos MRL to 0.01 mg/kg G/SPS/N/JPN/495)

t = Canada have notified of a proposed increase in the Canadian MRL for Fenpyroximate to 0.5mg/kg which is likely to come into effect in 2017 (G/SPS/N/CAN/1076).

u = Japan have notified their intention to increase the Chlorantraniliprole on citrus to 0.7 mg/kg (G/SPS/N/JPN/547)

US1 = The USA Clothianidin MRL expires on the 31st December 2020.

x = A 10.0mg/kg citrus Azoxystrobin MRL has been proposed although the effective date was not notified (see WTO notice G/SPS/N/TPKM/247).

y = Pay special attention to the introductory notes on page one (3rd paragraph) dealing with on lemons.

REGIONS AND COUNTRY GROUPINGS

<u>Description</u>	<u>Countries</u>
CODEX A (Where no national MRL is set, CODEX MRLs apply)	Africa [Angola, Benin, Botswana, Congo (Republic of), Gabon, Kenya, Madagascar, Mali, Mauritius*, Mauritania, Namibia, Senegal, Seychelles, Reunion*, Sudan*, Tanzania] Asia [China (Peoples Republic of), Hong Kong, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, Viet Nam]
CODEX B (Where no national MRL is set, CODEX MRLs apply, or when no CODEX MRL is set RSA MRL apply)	Africa [Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Cote D'ivoire, Malawi, Nigeria, Tunisia, Uganda] Asia [Bangladesh, Sri Lanka] Middle East [Azerbaijan, Iran, Jordan*, Pakista] Other [Russian Federation, Georgia*]
Gulf State Organization (GSO)	Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates

* It has not been possible to re-confirm these requirements recently but presumably they still apply

